that notes on both its taxonomy and life history will be published at a later date. In the meantime and in a less scientific vein I would like to suggest The Feathered Beauty as a vernacular name, being consistent with the English name of allied genera as well as describing a diagnostic feature.

Acknowledgements

My thanks are due to D. S. Fletcher of the British Museum (Natural History) for confirming my determination of *P. secundaria* and to David Wilson who spared neither effort nor expense to produce in record time the photographic plate.

References

Culot, J., 1917-1919. *Noctuelles et Géomètres d'Europe* 3: 99 pl. 55, fig 1126.

Hoffmeyer, S., 1966. De Danske Målere 316, pl. 17, figs 9 & 10. Seitz, A., 1912. The Macrolepidoptera of the World 4: 369. pl. 20h.

PHYTOMYZA SPOLIATA STROBL (DIPTERA: AGROMY-ZIDAE) NEW TO BRITAIN. During the afternoon of 27th July 1980 I visited the Anglesey fen Cors Bodeilio (grid ref. SH 505 774) and among the flies swept from the field layer vegetation was a single male *Phytomyza* species unfamiliar to me. Using the key of Spencer (1972, Diptera: Agromyzidae. R.E. S. Handbk. Ident. Br. Insects X (5g).) the specimen ran down to P. silai Hering, but differs from this species in lacking acrostichals, possessing two upper orbital bristles, having all knees yellow and notopleura grey. Turning to Spencer (1976, The Agromyzidae of Fennoscandia and Denmark. Fauna ent. Scand. 5) the specimen ran to Phytomyza spoliata Strobl, and comparison with the description of external characters and with the illustration of the lateral view of the aedeagus confirmed the identification. Spencer (1976, op. cit.) records this species from Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Austria, Germany and the Mediterranean area, and gives the larval host plants as Centaurea spp. and possibly also Cirsium heterophyllum (L.) Hill. I thank Tim Blackstock (NCC Bangor) for arranging access permission to Cors Bodeilio. - Dr. I. F. G. McLEAN, Nature Conservancy Council, 19/20, Belgrave Square, London SW1X 8PY.

SOME INTERESTING MOTHS FROM CHATTENDEN WOOD. KENT.—On the night of 19th September 1980, Norman Heal and I visited this historic old locality. Amongst the 71 moths of 22 species that came to our lights was a specimen of the Tawny Pinion: Lithophane semibrunnea Haworth, and a single example of the Large Marbled Tortrix: Nycteola revayana Scopoli. On 3rd October, I returned alone and was rewarded with the sight of a very fresh Merveille du Jour: Dichonia aprilina L. at light.—D. DEY, 9, Monmouth Close, Rainham,

Gillingham, Kent ME8 7BO.